

SCA Israel Quiz

1. What does Palmach stand for?
 - a. Pe'er Lohame Yisrael
 - b. Plugot Mahatz
 - c. Pisgat L'milhama
 - d. Pinah L'haluse milhama
2. In what year was the Palmach formed?
 - a. 1921
 - b. 1939
 - c. 1941
 - d. 1945
3. To which underground defense organization did the Palmach belong?
 - a. Irgun
 - b. Lehi
 - c. Haganah
 - d. None
4. What years does the TV show in Israel, Palmach, cover?
 - a. 1941-1945
 - b. 1933-1939
 - c. 1946-1948
 - d. 1948-1952
5. Which political party does Avi Maoz lead?
 - a. Yisrael Beteinu
 - b. Religious Zionism
 - c. Ra'am
 - d. Noam
6. Who gave an interview to the New York Times about the outgoing government?
 - a. Naftali Bennett
 - b. Yair Lapid
 - c. Mansour Abbas
 - d. Avi Maoz
7. What does the organization Me'ir Panim do?
 - a. Kiruv
 - b. Tutoring
 - c. Food distribution
 - d. Orphanage
8. Who said, "In a world where domestic polarization is becoming almost the single biggest challenge, the experiment succeeded."
 - a. Yair Lapid
 - b. Naftali Bennett
 - c. Yitzchak Sadeh
 - d. Binyamin Netanyahu

Food for Thought @ Your Shabbat Table: There has been mixed reviews on the Israeli reception from people in Qatar. Have you heard about the welcome receptions or only the antagonistic?

Answers:

1. (b) Plugot Mahatz - Strike Force. The Palmach became the elite fighting force of the Haganah and eventually the elite forces of the Israel Defense Forces.
2. (c) The Plamach was established in 1941, when the Nazis were at the height of their global conquest. The British accepted Jewish units to help in the defense of the Middle East. They fought in North Africa and the Middle East with British soldiers.
3. (c) The Palmach became the elite unit of the Haganah, but had their own command.
4. (c) There is a new TV series in Israel that covers the years of 1946-1948 and covers the years that the Palmach contributed to the fight with the British and the establishment of the state.
5. (d) Avi Maoz is the leader of the political party Maoz and will be receiving a newly created post in the new government on Jewish Identity.
6. (a) Naftali Bennett gave an "exit interview" to the New York Times. He highlighted the fragmentation in society around the globe.
7. (c) Me'ir Panim is an organization that gives food to the needy.
8. (b) Naftali Bennett said this in his interview with the NYT. His comments were about how he ran a coalition of political parties that were diverse and opposite ends of the spectrum but they were able to work together.